Rev 11: 16th Sept 2011

FEIYU FY-91Q DREAMCATCHER TECH FIRMWARE 1.1

Multi-rotor flight stabilization & Autopilot System Installation & Operation Guide

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Manual Update list

Revision	Date	Updated	Topic updated
		page	
Rev 8	7 th July 2011	N/A	Completion of Manual
Rev 9	30 August 2011	Page 10	Red LED Flashing
		Page 22 to 28	• 3 principles of autonomous flight Firmware 1.1
		Page 29 - 30	 Flight parameter range
Rev 10	4 September 2011	Page 37	Firmware update procedure incorporated
		Page 43	 ESC Throttle Range setting (procedural correction)
Rev 11	16 September 2011	Page 32	 Flight Parameter range (for zero values)

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Dear Pilot,

Thank you for purchasing the FY91Q multirotor flight control system from Feiyu Tech.

In order to achieve full potential and safe operation of this product, please carefully read this manual prior to installation.

ATTENTION:

- Set up and use of the FY91Q requires a high degree of multi-rotor flight and RC experience.
- If you have never flown a multi rotor aircraft before, we highly recommend that you
 don't install this equipment on your own. Please seek assistance from an experienced
 multirotor pilot.
- If you are already an experienced multirotor pilot, you will find the installation mildly challenging but logical. Just follow the instructions as stated in this manual and you won't go wrong.
- Remember, <u>SAFETY ALWAYS FIRST</u>.

If you need any technical support you know where to find us.

FY91Q MULTI ROTOR \$Y\$TEM

Basics on how the system works:

- **Inertial Stabilizer:** The FY91Q utilizes an attitude flight stabilization system (AFSS) which is inertial sensing based. The system also incorporates an autonomous flight control system.
- The FY91Q AFSS integrates a three-axis gyroscope combined with tri-axial accelerometers to sense and create a drift-free 3 dimensional stabilization system.
- The FY91Q also utilizes GPS and barometric pressure sensing to obtain accurate aircraft positioning and altitude.
- By combining sensor data from the gyros and accelerometers, together with altitude and GPS positioning, an accurate inertial navigation and autopilot system is formed. Fixed positioned and altitude hover and return to home is just a switch away.
- This product is still under intense Research and Development. FeiYu Tech has enabled firmware upgrading via a USB-TTL Connector. As new algorithms are developed for the autopilot system, you can download the upgraded firmware from FY website.

Barometer and GP\$ & COMPA\$\$ module

- FY-91Q control module incorporates an accurate barometric pressure sensor. At start up, the take-off air pressure is measured, providing the autopilot with an accurate relative height data.
- The GPS & COMPASS module provided with the FY91Q Navigation Edition consist of a three-axis magnetic sensor and high sensitivity GPS receiver. This module enables the autopilot to sense the flight course and exact location of the aircraft.
- Note that if the FY91Q is not connected GPS & COMPASS module, it will function as purely as a flight stabilizer for multi rotor aircraft. The autonomous flight system cannot be engaged.
- For the autopilot to function, the GPS Receiver must detect at least 5 satellites.

Autopilot Function

The current FY91Q firmware supports two autopilot functions; fixed altitude Auto Hover and automated Return to Home. To enable autonomous flight, the GPS &



Compass module must be connected to the FY91Q:

Auto Hover

- 3 dimensional GPS positioning is used to automatically maintain aircraft hover position and altitude.
- Accuracy of hover position (range) depends on wind conditions and speed.

Automated Return to Home

- By utilizing GPS positioning, the autopilot will return the aircraft to the starting point upon activation of the RTH Mode.
- Upon reaching the starting point (home) the autopilot will activate Hover Hold, maintaining position and altitude while waiting for your further instructions.
- To establish the Home point, a minimum of 5 GPS satellites must be detected.

ON \$CREEN DI\$PLAY and DATA RADIO

- a. The FY91Q supports OSD data output via the UART interface.
- b. By connecting this interface to the AP117 OSD, telemetric data such as GPS, flight navigation, AHI, and autopilot modes can be displayed on your downlink video.
- c. The UART Interface can also be connected to the FY-606 digital data radio system, which establishes a bi-direction radio communication between the FY91Q and your portable computer.
- d. By uploading our Ground Control Software (GCS) (free from our website), you can monitor your flight on the GCS map, display on-board telemetry data and control the aircraft flight path via the click of your mouse.

FY91Q Navigation Edition Package Content

FY-91Q Navigation Edition contains the following hardware:

- FY-91Q control module x 1;
- FY91Q RC receiver connection cable pack x 1;
- GPS & COMPASS Interface module x 1;
- FY GPS Receiver x 1
- Double-sided adhesive Damper pad x 1;
- Self-adhesive Velcro sponge x 2;
- GPS connecting wires x 1
- Jumper for gyro resetting x 1

SYSTEM SPECIFICATIONS

FY-91Q Module

Operating voltage	:	4.0~6.0 Volt
Current consumption	:	50mA (5V input)
Dimensions	:	55 x 33 x 20 mm
Weight (not including wires)	:	20g
Operating Temperature	:	-25°C~ +70°C
The maximum allowable rotation rate	:	3 rotations per minute

GP\$ & COMPA\$\$ INTERFACE MODULE

Operating voltage	: 4.0~6.0 Volt
Current consumption	: 60mA (5V input)
Dimensions	: 55 x 33 x 20 mm
Weight (not including wire)	: 20g
Temperature range	: -25°C~ +70°C

APPLICABLE AIRCRAFT MODEL\$

The FY91Q can be installed and flown it the following multi-rotor aircraft:

- 4 motored Quadcopters;
- Tri-axial rotory aircraft with 6 motors (Y6)
- Tri-axial rotory aircraft with 4 motors (Y4)
- Six-axial multi-rotor aircraft (Hexacopters)

Any other configuration, please contact us for confirmation: feiyudz@hotmail.com

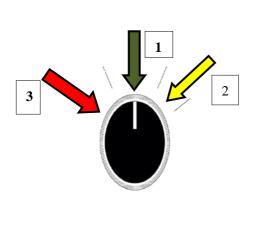
REMOTE CONTROL \$Y\$TEM COMPATIBILITY

FY-91Q have been tested to work with the following RC systems:

- Robbe-Futaba PPM / PCM 1024 / PCM G3 mode, 2.4 GHz systems ;
- Graupner/JR PPM 8, PPM 12, SPCM mode ;
- MPX PPM8, PPM 12 with UNI mode
- Any remote control system using the standard of 1.5 ms neutral position.

FY-91Q FLIGHT MODE\$

- 1. FY-91Q has three operating Flight Modes, which is selected by using any free channel on your RC receiver.
- 2. You can set the 3 modes via a 3 way switch or use a dial knob. Example:





3. However, since switch flight modes is required during the setting for autonomous

flight, we highly recommend that you use the 3-way switch.

Receiver PPM \$ignal level	900-1200µ\$	1200-1800 µ\$	1800-2100 µ\$
FLIGHT MODES	Mode 3:	Mode 1:	Mode 2:
	Return to Home	Stabilizer Mode	Automated Hover Hold

Mode 1: Stabilized Mode

In this mode, the FY-91Q will stabilize the multi-rotor aircraft for normal flight. Full flight direction control is given to the pilot.

Mode 2: Automated Hover Hold.

In Hover Hold, the aircraft will maintain hover altitude and position. The GPS and Compass Module must be connected to the FY91Q with at least 5 GPS satellites detected.

Mode 3: Automated Return to Home Mode.

Activating this mode will automatically initiate the aircraft to fly back to the Home point. Requires the GPS and Compass Module to be connected to the FY91Q with at least 5 GPS satellites detected.

Flight Modes and LED Indicator

1. To indicate the flight modes of the FY91Q, the Blue LED light will flash:



Flight Modes	Mode 1	Mode 2	Mode 3
	(Stabilized Mode)	(Hover Hold)	(RTH Mode)
Blue LED	LED Always On	Continuous flashing	Three intermittent
Flashing			flashing

GP\$ \$tatus & Vibration LED Indicator



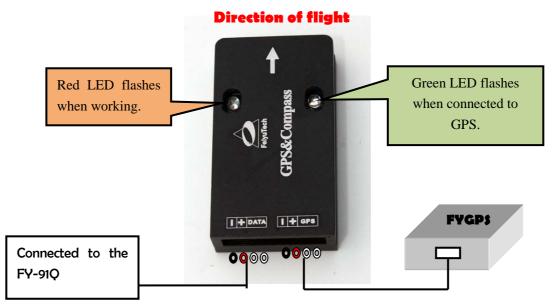
The GPS connection status & vibration level is indicated by the Red LED Flashing:

GP\$ & Vibration	Severe	GPS & COMPASS	5 GPS Satellite detected
Status	vibration*	module not connected	(Home position Locked)
Red LED	Continuous	None	Double Intermittent
flashing	flashing	(LED light OFF)	Flashing

* In case severe vibration is detected reduce your aircraft vibration levels or improve vibration damping for the FY91Q mounting.

GP\$ & COMPA\$\$ Module Interface & Function

1. To enable the autopilot options you must have the GPS & COMPASS module connected to the FY-91Q.



- 2. **IMPORTANT**: The GPS & COMPASS Module is sensitive to vibration. Please use the included damper sponge when mounting this module.
- 3. **WARNING:** Wrong installation of the GPS & COMPASS Module will result in inconsistent performance and even autopilot malfunction.



- 4. GPS & COMPASS module is utilizes a ceramic passive GPS Receiver. This FY-GPS Receiver must be installed face up as indicated on the sticker.
- 5. Do not allow any metal or carbon fiber material to block or shield the FY-GPS from detecting GPS satellite signal.
- 6. WARNING: The GPS & COMPASS Module is very sensitive to metal, magnets, electromagnetic fields and radiation. Keep such materials as far away from the Module as possible. Example: main power cables, servo and servo wires, video transmitters, ESCs, motors, etc. all can affect the GPS & Compass Module.

GYRO RESETTING

- 1. Out of the box, the FY-91Q has already been initialized and is ready to use.
- 2. Generally the FY91Q gyros do not need to be re-set, but under certain conditions initializing the gyros does become necessary:
 - a) The unit has not be used for a long time,
 - b) Extreme change in environmental temperature in excess of 30°F.
 - c) FY91Q fails to start the motors

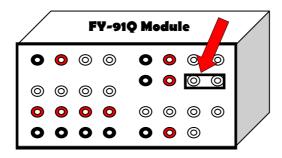
d) The Red LED light of the FY91Q is blinking continuously

If any of the above has occurred, please proceed with the initialization process.

3. Note that routine gyro resetting is not necessary.

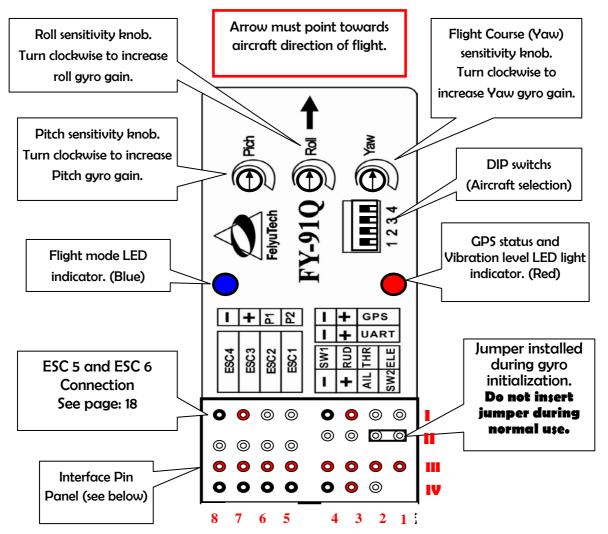
4. Gyro Resetting Process

- a. The FY91Q does not have to be leveled, however please ensure it is not moved, shaken or experience any kind of vibration during the initialization process. If movement / vibration did occur, please repeat the procedure.
- b. Install the gyro initialization jumper as shown below:



- c. Supply power to the module and ensure it remains stationary for at least 20 seconds.
- d. The red LED light will flash followed by OFF after approximately 20 seconds. The initialization process is complete.
- e. Disconnect the power supply and unplug the jumper (please keep in a safe place for future use).

FY91Q Connection Interface Diagram



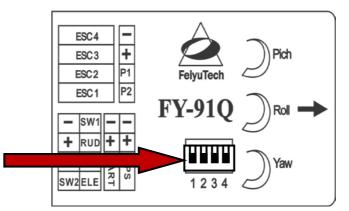
Interface Pin Panel Connection:

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	
GND	Null*	P1	P2	GND	Power	ТХО	RXO	I
ESC4	ЕSC3	ESC2	ESC1	GND	Power	TX1	TX1	-
Null*	Null*	Null*	Power Input	Rx free channel (Switch 1)	Rx Rud (Ch 4)	Rx Throttle (Ch 3)	Rx Ele (Ch 2)	111
GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	Power	Rx AIL (Ch 1)	No Pin	IV

Null* : Do not connect anything on these pins (leave open).

DIP SWITCH SETTING

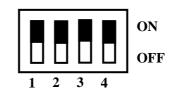
The FY91Q utilizes a Dip Switch system for model selection, via Dip switch No. 2 to 4:



Switch Position	1	2	3	4
AN	(Factory use	Flight mode	V former et	Y6 flight
ON only) debugging X-format	mode			
077		Normal flight	Cross	X4 flight
OFF	Always OFF	mode	format	mode

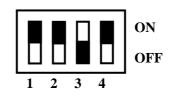
\$witch Diagram Reference: the switches below are in the OFF PO\$ITION:





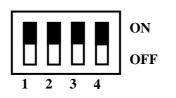
Example:

- a. Dip Switch position for X-TYPE QUADCOPTER:
 - 1 = OFF
 - 2 = OFF
 - 3 = ON
 - 4 = OFF

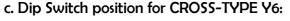




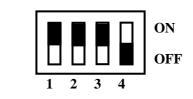
- b. Dip Switch position for CROSS-TYPE QUADCOPTER:
 - 1 = OFF
 - 2 = OFF
 - 3 = OFF
 - 4 = OFF







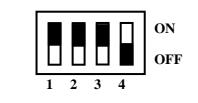
- 1 = OFF 2 = OFF
- 3 = OFF
- 4 ON
- 4 = ON



1234

d. Dip Switch position for Hexa-Copter:

- 1 = OFF
- 2 = OFF
- 3 = OFF
- 4 = ON





FY-91Q Power Supply Recommendations

- 1. The FY91Q input power supply can range from 4 to 6 volts.
- 2. More importantly, the current input and voltage <u>must be stable</u>. You may use an external BEC with 3A output or use ESC with good quality 3A BEC.
- 3. We recommend that power is supplied via the ESC 1 power input pin
- 4. Your radio receiver power supply is via the FY91Q Aileron cable (channel 1).

FY91Q Connection to the Receiver

1. The FY91Q is connected to the receiver via this cable bundle:



2. The wire colors will help you trace the connection to your Receiver:

Wire Colour	Receive Channel				
White (bundled with red and black)	Aileron	Channel 1			
Orange	Elevator	Channel 2			
Green	Throttle	Channel 3			
Yellow	Rudder	Channel 4			
Brown	Any free channel controlled by	Channel 5			
	3-way switch or dial (refer page 6)	(example)			

 Note that the open channel for Switch 1 (SW 1) must be controlled by either a 3-way switch or a dial on your radio transmitter. SW1 controls the Flight Modes of the FY91Q.

VIBRATION DAMPING

- a) The FY91Q flight controller algorithms can filter and operate under normal vibration levels, however if the vibration and shock experienced by the onboard sensors is too extreme, stabilization can fail and the system can shut down altogether.
- b) Because of this, to achieve the best stabilization and flight performance out of the FY91Q, you must minimize the amount of vibration on the aircraft as best you can.
- c) Examples of vibration reduction steps that can be taken:
 - i) Ensure your motors are mounted properly and squarely.
 - ii) Balance your propellers regardless of the manufacturer's claim of perfect balance out of the factory.
 - iii) Balance your motor bell housing (if possible).
 - iv)Ensure rigidity of your frame (will not flex with motor rotation).
 - v) Use appropriate propeller length and pitch for the weight of your aircraft.

d) The FY-91Q is supplied with the shock absorbing mount and double-sided foam padding dampers. Please use them as shown below:



CHECKING FOR VIBRATION

- a) Install the FY91Q as per the recommendations of this manual, including directions of propeller rotation.
- b) Remove the connection to the GPS & Compass Module.
- c) Throttle up in Mode 1 (Stabilized Mode) but do not take off!



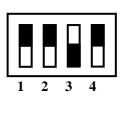
- d) Observe the red LED on the FY91Q module.
- e) If the red LED light remains OFF, this indicates your aircraft vibration level is acceptable.

f) If instead the red LED light goes ON and remains lighted, your aircraft does not meet the vibration level requirement. Please reduce the onboard vibration level.

QUADCOPTER \$ET UP

X-Type Layout





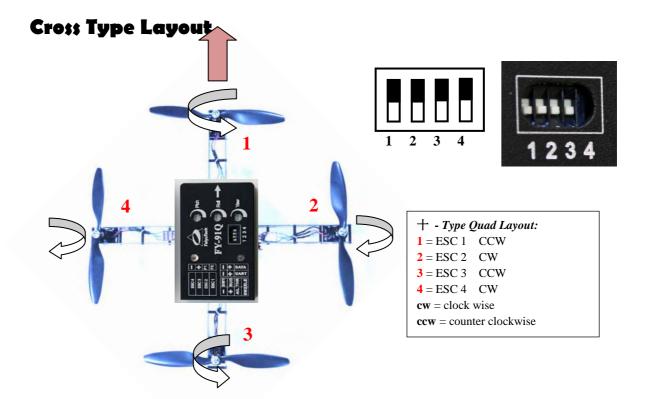


X-Type QuadCopter Layout:

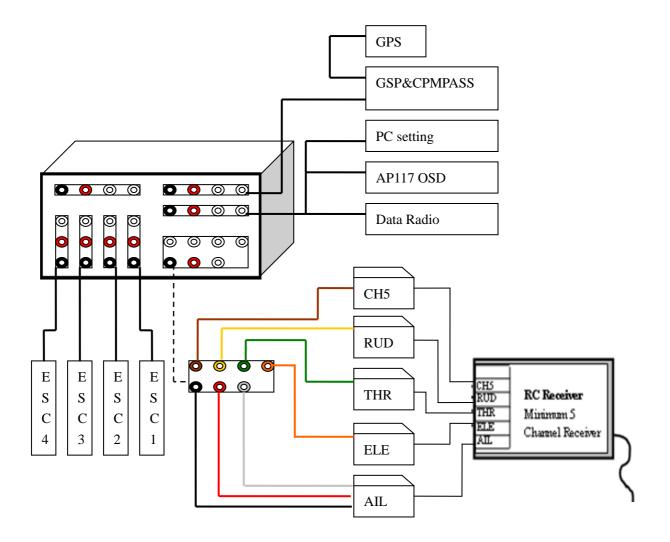
1 = ESC 1	CCW

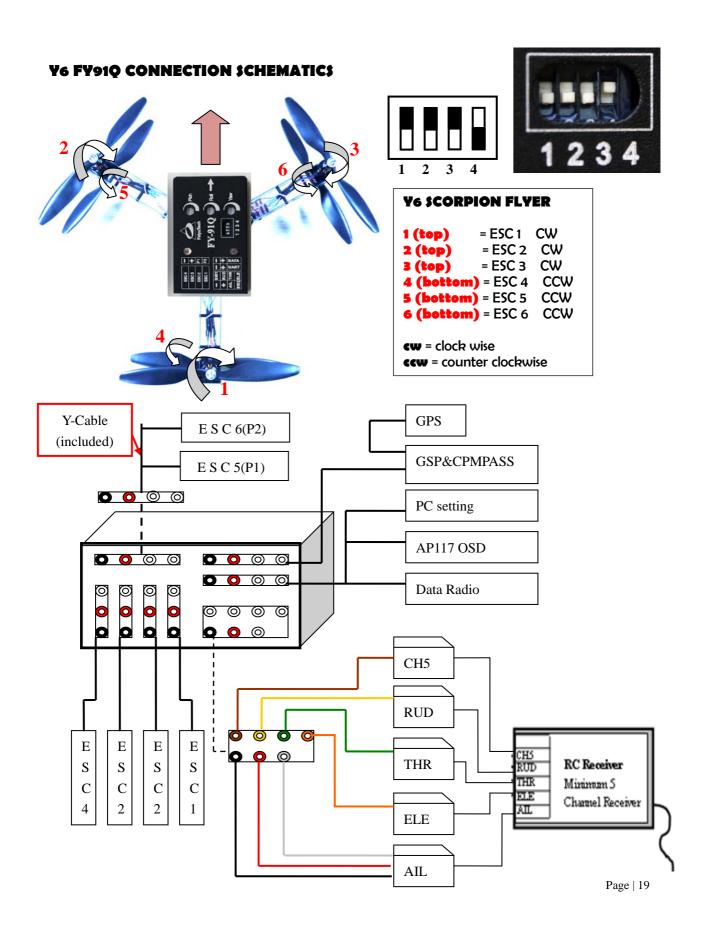
- $\mathbf{2} = \mathbf{ESC} \ \mathbf{2} \quad \mathbf{CW}$
- $\mathbf{3} = \mathbf{ESC} \mathbf{3} \quad \mathbf{CCW}$
- $\mathbf{4} = \mathbf{ESC} \ \mathbf{4} \quad \mathbf{CW}$

cw = clock wise
ccw = counter clockwise

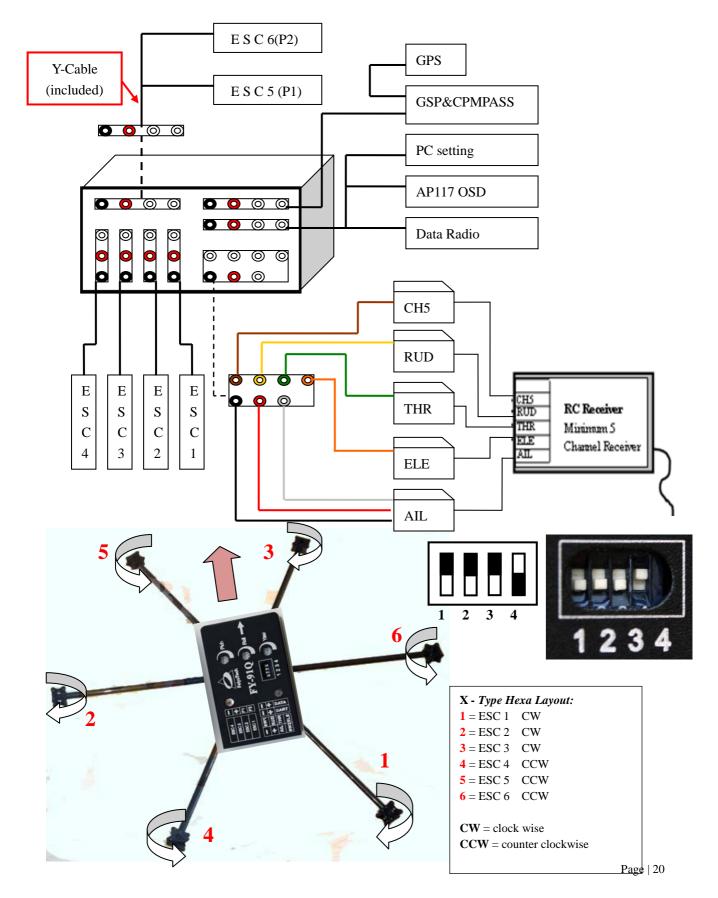


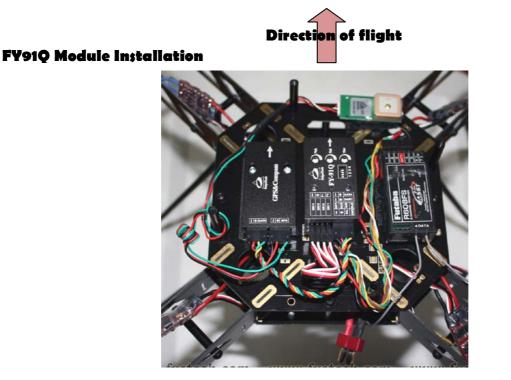






FY91Q Hexa Copter Setup





- 1. FY91Q has an arrow indicator on top. Please ensure this arrow is pointed towards the direction of flight.
- 2. Installed the module horizontally, and as close as possible to the aircraft center. A more centered installation will result in more stable drift free hover.
- 3. The FY91Q sets its own benchmark of what is 'horizontal'. Install the module based on the hover characteristics of the aircraft in Mode 1 (Stabilized Mode). Shimming the module may be required to get the aircraft to hover perfectly.

FY91Q Preflight Inspection and Initial Testing

Pre-flight testing for aircraft control:

- 1. Remove all propellers.
- 2. Activate throttle to start up the motors. Check the rotation direction of each motor and make sure it is turning in the right direction.
- 3. Re-Install propellers.
- 4. Check again that the rotation is correct.
- 5. Check the FY91Q sensitivity control knobs. Please ensure the dials are beyond 12 o'clock. Anything less than that may result in no flight stability for this first flight.

- 6. **Tie down test**: <u>Before proceeding, we highly advise that you tie down the aircraft</u> to the ground to prevent any possibility it going out of control during this initial flight tests. Safety first.
- First test lift off: Advance your throttle stick, but do not take off (usually around 30% throttle). Let the aircraft float just enough so that you can see the aircraft reaction as you move your Aileron, Elevator and Rudder sticks.
- 8. If the control movement is reversed, just reverse the channel on your RC transmitter.
- 9. After step 8, you can take off higher. If the aircraft hovers well, you can proceed to remove the aircraft from the tie down test.
- 10. Observe the flight for stability and oscillations as the aircraft hovers higher.
- 11. If you feel there is not enough stability (e.g. excessive drifting), you can increase the sensitivity of the three dials.
- 12. If there are rapid oscillations, reduce the corresponding sensitivity knob.
- 13. More fine tuning adjustment can be done via the FeiYu software (you will need the TTL-USB cable for this).

Pre-flight Debugging

- 1. If your aircraft fails to lift off and hover for the initial pre-fight tests, please check the following:
 - a) Check the ESC connections are all correctly plugged in. Take time to check and re-check that each ESC has been plugged in and that the plugs are correctly placed.
 - b) Please ensure there is no short circuit of the power (positive) and GND wires. Short circuits can damage the internal processor chip beyond repair (voiding all warranty).
 - c) Check that all motors are rotating in the direction noted in this manual.
 - d) Ensure you have selected mid or high timing for your ESC (if you are not using FY ESCs).

FY91Q FIRMWARE 1.1 SETTING UP HOVER HOLD AND AUTOMATIC RETURN TO HOME

a) Note: commissioning the Hover Hold and RTH Mode require a certain degree of

flying skill. You may need a friend's assistance to carry out the entire procedure.

- b) Setting up involves:
 - i) Understand the 4 Principles of FY91Q Autonomous Flight
 - ii) GPS & Compass Set Up (Field Calibration)
 - iii) GPS Satellite Detection

i) The 3 Principles of FY91Q Autonomous Flight

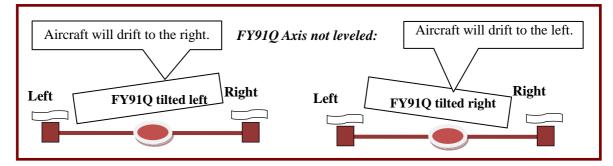
The FY91Q has three unique autonomous flight principles which is different from any other multirotor system. Failure to understand these 3 Principles will result in failure to achieve autonomous flight.

1ST PRINCIPLE: HOVER U\$ING YOUR TRAN\$MITTER TRIM\$

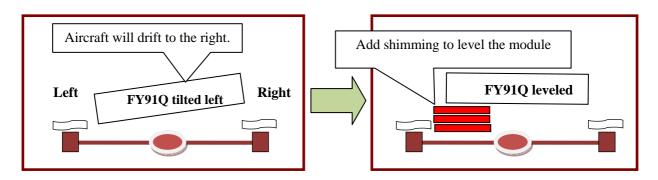
1. The FY91Q is a 3 gyro / 3 accelerometer stabilizer system mounted on a flat platform (board). This platform is mounted in an aluminum box.

2. The positioning of these 6 sensors varies from one FY91Q module to another (no two modules are exactly the same). Furthermore, mounting of the module on the aircraft may result in tilting to one side.

3. Therefore, a less than leveled Axis will always occur. Example:



- 4. To solve this, install your FY91Q as leveled as possible on your aircraft. Then hover your aircraft in Stabilized Mode (Mode 1) and use your transmitter trims (Aileron and Elevator only) to get it to hover almost hands free.
- 5. If you note too much trim is used, reinstall your module by shimming the mounting. Hover again and you should note a reduction in trimming used. Example:



- 6. By the same principle, if there is a directional wind which is causing drift to the aircraft, <u>use your transmitter Aileron and Elevator trims</u> to counter this wind drift.
- 7. Note that every flight will require some trimming adjustment.
- 8. **Important Note**: As much as possible, do not use your Rudder trims. Keep your rudder trims in the middle position. (If rudder trim is not in the middle, RTH flight direction may not be straight line flight).
- Reminder: Other than the throttle stick to maintain altitude, you do not use your sticks to hover the aircraft. Use <u>only your Aileron and Elevator trims</u>. This is the *First Principle*.

2ND PRINCIPLE: THE FLIGHT NEUTRAL GAIN

- 1. The 2nd principle does not require you to do anything, other than to fully understand it.
- 2. Every time an FY91Q is airborne, there are two controlling gains that is interdependent and yet opposing to each other:

Controller Gain 1: The automated FY91Q flight controller gain, produced by the 6 sensors to maintain the aircraft in a leveled state.

Controller Gain 2: The user manual gain (that's you), which controls the aircraft in manual flight via your transmitter sticks.

- 3. After you have implemented Principle 1 (hover by transmitter trims), then in Principle 2, the two gains function purely to oppose each other; the controller will try to oppose any instability of the aircraft, while the pilot (you) via the transmitter stick, will make the aircraft 'unstable' so that it can be moved to any position in the sky.
- 4. If you have fulfilled the 1st Principle, letting go of the transmitter sticks (Aileron, Elevator, Rudder), will return the aircraft to a leveled flight state.
- This leveled flight state with no input from the pilot is called the Flight Neutral Gain or Neutral Value.
- 6. **MOST IMPORTANTLY**, note that other than your throttle stick, when in Flight Neutral Gain your transmitter sticks are **ALL** in the middle position.
- 7. Pause here and think about it.
- 8. Note that Throttle control is fully manual at all times. <u>Flight Neutral Gain does not</u> <u>involve the throttle channel.</u>

3rd Principle: FY91Q LEARN\$ ON-THE-FLY FOR HOVER HOLD

1. A quick Recap:

Principle 1 = FY91Q can hover using only trims. Throttle maintains altitude.

Principle 2 = Hovering Hands free is the point of Flight Neutral Gain

- 2. **3rd Principle** = the FY91Q will 'learn' your Flight Neutral Gain <u>every time</u> you activate Hover Hold (Mode 2).
- 3. However, this 'learning' process can only occur if you release all control sticks (Aileron, Elevator, Rudder) and leave **them in the middle position**.
- 4. The Flight Neutral Gain (hands free hover) must be achieved before the FY91Q can 'learn' the hover setting and engage Hover Hold.
- 5. The learning process and engaging Hover Hold takes about 1 to 2 seconds.
- 6. The moment you input any control movement via Aileron / Elevator or Rudder, FY91Q will disengage Hover Hold and the aircraft is in your manual control again.
- 7. Please also note that when you engage the Hover Hold Switch, **FY91Q also acknowledges your throttle level**. Therefore, it is critical that you engage Hover Hold only after you have set the throttle level for hovering.
- 8. <u>If you engage Hover Hold while the aircraft is descending (throttle too low) or</u> ascending (throttle to high), FY91Q will set that throttle level as the hover throttle level. This will result in your aircraft continuing its descent or ascent movement in <u>Hover Hold.</u>

Summary Hover Hold Procedure (Mode 2):

- (1) Hover your aircraft for hands free flight. Use trims to bring the aircraft into a good hovering attitude.
- (2) Adjust your throttle so that the aircraft maintains altitude.
- (3) After the aircraft attains hands free hover, activate Hover Hold.
- (4) The aircraft will maintain altitude and hold position.
- (5) If you wish to move Hover Hold to another location, disengage the Hover Hold switch; move to the new location, attain good hover and re-activated the Hover Hold switch.
- (6) You can also change the altitude of the aircraft in Hover Hold by moving your throttle stick up or down. But you will need to bring it back to the hovering throttle position to re-engage Hover Hold. If you cannot remember this position, carry out no. (5) above.

Return to Home - RTH (Mode 3)

- If you wish to engage RTH at any time during your flight, you must carry out Hover Hold for at least 2 seconds, so that your FY91Q learns your hovering trims for level flight.
- 2) Before engaging RTH, as much as possible bring the aircraft to a stable hover before engaging the RTH switch.
- 3) After engaging RTH, the aircraft will immediately begin flying back to the 'home' point.
- 4) You can change the altitude up or down at any time during the RTH procedure by increasing or decreasing your throttle level.
- 5) Upon reaching Home position (location where GPS lock occurred) the aircraft will automatically engage Hover Hold. Bring your throttle stick to the hovering level to maintain Altitude and Position hold.

GP\$ & COMPASS MODULE SET UP (MANGETOMETER CALIBRATION)

- The GPS & COMPASS Module contains an internal three-axis magnetometer. This module senses the earth's magnetic field, and uses this reading to accurately measure the aircraft direction of flight.
- 2. The magnetometer sensor is very sensitive to metallic objects and electric fields. Keep such objects as far away from the module as possible.
- 3. Before each flight, it is best to do a field calibration. With practice it is very easy to do (takes only 20 seconds).
- 4. Field calibration enables the GPS & Compass Module to calibrate for the environment in which it is installed.
- 5. Field calibration should also be done if new equipment is installed which may affect the magnetic field around the aircraft.
- 6. Field calibration process:
 - a) Place the aircraft on flat ground.
 - b) Continuously change (toggle) the flight modes between Mode 1 (Stabilized Mode) to Mode 2 (Hover Hold) six times:
 - (1) balance mode -> Hover Hold (2) balance mode -> Hover Hold -
 - (3) balance mode -> Hover Hold (4) balance mode -> Hover Hold -
 - (5) balance mode -> Hover Hold (6) balance mode
 - c) Observe the blue LED go OFF after you toggle 6 times. This indicates the FY91Q has entered the Field Calibration Mode.
 - d) After the Blue LED goes OFF, move the aircraft slow and steady in a clockwise rotation one and a half times. <u>The rotation should be done slowly, taking</u>

<u>approximately 15 seconds to complete</u>. If you do it too fast, calibration will fail (Blue LED will not light up), and you have to do it all over again.

- e) After this rotation, the blue LED will light up again, indicating Field Calibration is complete.
- f) Proceed to into GPS Detection.

ii) GP\$ DETECTION (HOME LOCK)

- a) GPS is required to enable autopilot flight positioning.
- b) Ensure you are outdoors to maximize GPS satellite detection (minimum 5 required).
- c) Upon power up, the FY91Q will automatically search for GPS satellites.
- d) Upon detecting 5 satellites, the red LED will begin flashing twice continuously, indicating GPS Home Position has been locked.
- e) You can safely fly the FY91Q system without GPS locking 'home' position (red LED flashing twice). However, both Hover Hold and RTH autonomous flight **cannot** function.
- f) Without GPS lock, the FY91Q can only hold altitude if Hover Hold is activated. Position hold cannot be activated, and therefore the aircraft will drift randomly.
- g) If during the RTH function GPS lock is lost, the aircraft will stop moving and begin to drift randomly. However, it can still fly while maintaining altitude.

FLIGHT PARAMETER ADJU\$TMENT \$OFTWARE

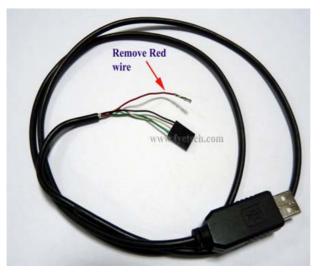
FeiyuTo				Fect Technology C			
Port:	Open	Restore De Paramet		Write to FY-9	1Q		
Pitch Contro Pitch Level Coefficient	1:	Stability Continue	0	Stability Coefficient	0	Set	
Roll Control Roll Level Coefficient	0	Stability Continue	0	Stability Coefficient	0	Set	
Heading Cont Locking Coefficient	rol:	Locking Continue	0	Stability Coefficient	0	Set	
Other Contro Altitude Compensation		Speed Control	0		0	Set	Rea
-X:P	0	I	0	D	0	Set	
-Y:	0	I	0	D	0	Set	
-Height Contr	ol:	т	0	р	0	Set	

The FY Tech FY91Q Parameter settings interface is as show below:

Flight Parameter Adjustment Software - SAFETY FIRST!

- The default FY91Q settings have been adjusted for optimal stability and flight performance. The flight parameter adjustments provided via the FY Tech Flight Parameters Setting software should only be done by very experienced multirotor pilots who need to further <u>fine tune</u> the aircraft characteristics.
- 2. We do not recommend adjusting the flight parameters without a specific fine tuning target.
- 3. **Safety Warning 1:** <u>A Wrongly Adjusted Flight Parameter Setting may result in</u> <u>extreme aircraft instability and crash. Do a tie down test when adjusting Flight</u> Parameters for the first time.

4. Safety Warning 2: If you are powering the FY91Q via your onboard BEC, make sure you take off the red wire as shown below. Failure to do so may result in damage to both your computer and FY91Q. Additionally, if you are powering the FY91Q via your ESC BEC, make sure you tie down your aircraft or take off the propellers to prevent possible accidental injuries.



Remove Red wire if using the on board ESC BEC to power up the FY91Q. Failure to do this can result in damage of your PC and FY91Q.

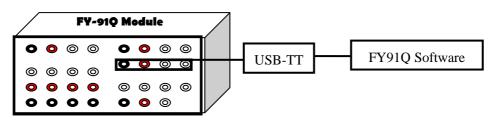
- 5. Hardware requirements:
 - a) Portable PC / Laptop with USB port.
 - b) USB TTL Cable
 - c) Download and install the USB-TTL Drive. Download site:

http://shop.fyetech.com/dl/ttldriver.rar

d) Download and install the FY91Q Parameters Setting Software. Download site:

(Link to be released later)

- 6. Setting adjustment procedure:
 - a) Connect USB-TTL cable to the computer.
 - b) Connect the USB TTL cable to the FY91Q UART data port as shown below:



c) Note the range of values that you can put inside the boxes is 0.6 x to 1.8 x the

default value. **Example;** for the first box, the default value is 35.

The minimum value for this parameter is $35 \times 0.6 = 21$.

Maximum value is 35 x 1.8 = 63

Note: If the default value is "O" (zero), please do not change the

value. Keep it at zero. This value may change in future firmware updates.



d) Open the FY91Q Parameters adjustment software. Select the appropriate USB port number (check via your computer Device Manager) and set the baud rate to 19200.



Click "Open" to connect to your FY-91Q.



e) Click "Read" to see the existing parameters:

Port: COM1 19200 Open	Restore De Paramete		Write to FY-9:	IQ		
Pitch Control:	Stability	0	Stability	0	Set	
LOEFFICIENT	Continue	1.	Coefficient	J.		
Roll Control: Roll Level Coefficient	Stability Continue	0	Stability Coefficient	0	Set	
	Concinde	-	Contracteur			
Heading Control: Locking Coefficient	Locking Continue	0	Stability Coefficient	0	Set	
	Continue		outificient			
Other Control: Altitude Compensation	Speed Control	0		0	Set	Read
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						

f) Flight parameter settings:

	Pitch level	Stability Continue	Stability coefficient
Pitch control	coefficientThis setting controls the amount of pitch automatic recovery.	Stability level adjustments. Reduce until oscillations stops.	A higher value makes the respond stronger to prevent pitch angle changes. Generally larger / heavier aircraft require higher value.
Roll control	This setting controls the amount of roll automatic recovery.	Stability level adjustments. Reduce until oscillations stops.	A higher value makes the respond stronger to prevent roll angle changes. Generally larger / heavier aircraft require higher value.
Heading control	This setting controls the amount of heading (yaw) lock stability.	Controls the amount of integral yaw control. Too high will lead to oscillations.	A higher value makes the respond stronger to prevent heading (yaw) changes.

g) Additional setting adjustments:

Altit	· Contro ude nsation		Speed Control	0		0	Set Read
_X: _	P	0	I	0	D	0	Set
_Y: _	P	0	I	0	D	0	Set
-Heigh	nt Contr P	rol:	I	0	D	0	Set

- a. Altitude compensation: This parameter controls the sensitivity of the FC to automatically increase or decrease throttle level to compensate for altitude loss during aircraft tilt recovery. Example: If you observe the aircraft lose altitude during tilt recovery, increase the value of this parameter.
- **b. Speed control:** Increase or decrease this value to adjust the sensitivity to forward flight (speed) of the FC.
- PID Settings:

	P	I	D
X	Control the amount of	Integral control the	Control the amount
	lateral deviation.	amount of lateral	of lateral deviation
		deviation.	change
Y	Control the amount of	Integral control the	Control the amount
	vertical deviation	amount of vertical	of vertical deviation
		deviation	change
Height	Control the amount of	Integral control the	Height deviation
control	height variation	amount of height	change degree of
		variation	control.

- h) After setting adjustment, confirm the new parameters by clicking the "Set" button.
 Clicking the "Set" button will send the new setting to the FY91Q.
- i) Click to "Read" button to confirm the changes have been saved.
- j) Finally, click the "Write to FY-91Q" button to <u>permanently save</u> the new settings in the FY-91Q. If this button is not pressed, the new parameters will be lost when you power-down the FY91Q.

k) Return to Default Setting

If you feel at any time you wish to return to the factory settings, simply click on "Restore Default Parameters". The factory default settings will be displayed. Click on all the "Set" buttons, before pressing "Write to FY-91Q".

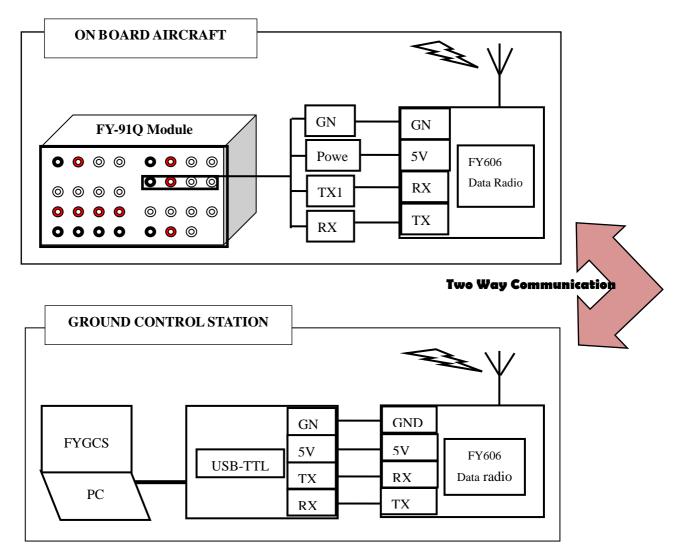
FY91Q Ground Control Station Function

- 1. The FY91Q the UART interface can be connected to the FY digital Data Radio, such as FY606 (2.4 Ghz) and FY602 (433 MHz) for bidirectional communication between your field PC (GCS) and the FY91Q autopilot.
- 2. You will require to download the latest FY-GCS software to utilize the GCS function of the FY91Q.
- 3. FY-GCS enables you can display the onboard autopilot telemetry data on to your GCS display, including the GPS position of the aircraft on Google Map.
- 4. You can remotely adjust the flight parameters of the FY91Q via the GCS software.

We will release more information about this feature in future FY91Q manual updates.

5. Data radio Parameters:

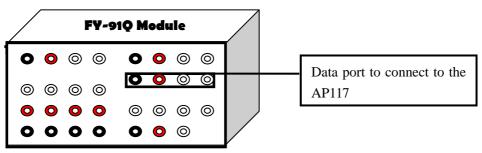
FY91Q interface panel have 4 Pin for UART	GND, Power, TX1, RX1
Baud rate	19200
Interface characteristic	TTL



- 6. Refer to FY606 Manual on more details on the FY606 (to be updated).
- 7. Refer to FYGCS Manual on more details of the FYGCS (to be updated).

FY91Q Connection to AP117 ON \$CREEN DI\$PLAY

- 1. You can connect the FY91Q to the AP117 OSD module to display the telemetry data onto your On Screen Display.
- 2. Connection is as shown below:



Refer to AP117 Manual on more details of the display.

http://shop.fyetech.com/dl/ap117.pdf

	Mode 1	Mode 2	Mode 3
Flight Modes	(Stabilized Mode)	(Hover Hold)	(RTH Mode)
AP117 Display	ABM	FAF	RTL

UPGRADING THE FY91Q FIRMWARE

WARNING – Please read the following before doing any firmware upgrading:

- A) Remove the FY91Q from all connections (Remove ESC/RC wires).
- B) Ensure that during the Firmware upgrading process is not disrupted (e.g. moving your USB cable around resulting is lost connection). Disruption during the upgrading process can damage your FY91Q processor.
- C) If you are using a portable computer, make sure you have enough power to carry through the upgrade process. This is to prevent B) above.
- D) Follow the steps below **EXACTLY CHRONOLOGICALLY**. If you skip any step, firmware upgrade will fail.

THE PROCEDURE

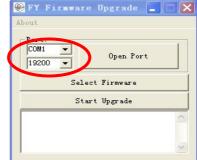
 Download the software from FY websites. Install it onto your desktop (or a designated folder). You will also require to download both the firmware upgrade program and the require firmware (.bin file) :



DO NOT OPEN THE FIRMWARE PROGRAMM YET.

- 2. If you have not done so, please install the USB TTL Cable driver from FY websites. The computer will not recognize the USB TTL Cable if the proper driver is not installed.
- 3. Connect the USB-TTL cable to the computer. Note do not connect the FY91Q yet.

- 4. Open the FY Firmware program:
- 5. Select the right Com port number, and select 19200 as the baud rate.



6. If you do not know which COM port number, do the following:

🗄 🕘 Sound, video and game controllers

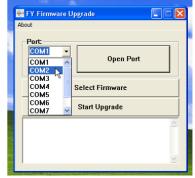
🗄 🥪 Storage volumes

Click your control panel: Click on system: Hardware, click Device Manager: My Music itomatic Updates Remote My Computer Hardware Advanced Control Panel System Set Program Access and ts all the hardware devices installed Defaults he Device Manager to change the Connect To Device Manager Check the COM Port number for Prolific USB-to-Serial Comm Port: 🗄 🎟 Network adapters NVIDIA Network Bus Enumerator Note COM number. Ports (COM & LPT) 🎐 Prolific USB-to-Serial Comm Fort (COM2) 庄 📾 Processors

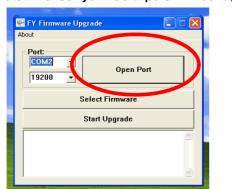


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Select the above COM number onto your Firmware upgrade program:



7. Click "Open port" button. If the COM port is right, the word "Open Port" will change to "Close Port". Check your COM port number again if this fails.



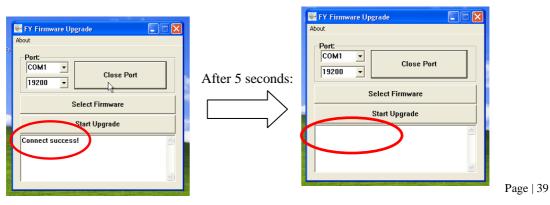
🛞 FY Firmware Upgrade
About
Port: COM2 V 19200 V Select Start I
STATE OF A DESCRIPTION OF A DESCRIPTIONO

FY Firmware Upgrade	1
Port: COM2 - 19200 -	
Select Firmware	
Start Upgrade	I
	Port: COM2 19200 Select Firmware

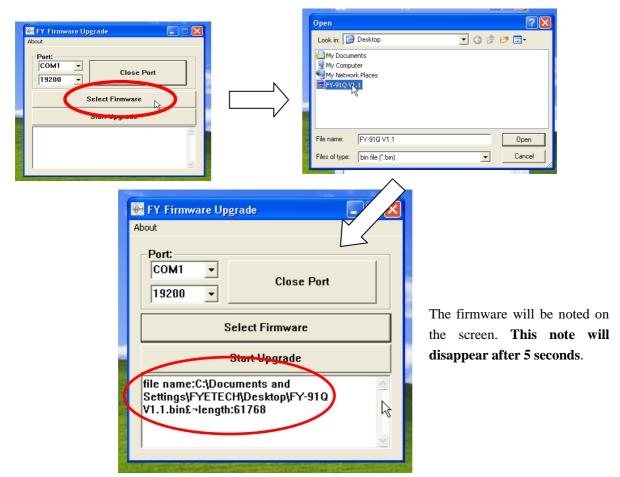
8. Plug the Serial connector to the FY91Q [-,+, UART] port. Please ensure the polarity of your wires is correct. The RED wire is "+". Wrongly connecting the polarity will damage your FY91Q.

C	

9. After plugging in the FY91Q, you will see "Connect success!". After about 5 seconds this note will disappear. THIS IS NORMAL. If connection is not successful, go to step no. 1 (repeat).



10. Select the firmware to be uploaded:



11. Press the Start Upgrade button:

🛞 FY Firmware Up	grade 📃 🗖 🔀		
About			
Port: COM1 • 19200 •	Close Port		
5	Select Firmware		
	Start Upgrade		
	<u>N</u>		

12. Immediately after pressing 'Start Upgrade', the software will show blocks of firmware being sent to the FY91Q. A total of 61 blocks will be sent.

🛞 FY Firmware Upgrade	
About	
Port:	
COM1 - Close P	ort
Select Firmware	
Start Upgrade	
3 block send OK! Total 61 block	

DO NOT DISRUPT THIS PROCESS. DOING SO WILL DAMAGE YOUR FY91Q.

13. After completion of the firmware upgrade, the software will show successful upgrade:

🛞 FY Firmware Upg	rade 📃 🗆 🔀	
About		
Port: COM1 • 19200 •	Close Port	
Se	elect Firmware	
s	tart Upgrade	
Firmware upgrade success!		
Jala and a state of the state		

14. Unplug the FY91Q. Label the Version that you have uploaded and test fly the new firmware.



FY91Q / FY90Q BASIC SYSTEM REQUIREMENTS

Electronic Speed Control (ESC) Requirements:

- 1. ESCs that can handle an input signal pulse frequency over **400Hz is a must**.
- Use only ESCs that has a manually settable throttle end points. All endpoints MU\$T be manually matched.
- ESCs with Fast response rates are recommended (high and mid timing settable).
 Too slow response will result in failure to maintain Quad flight stabilization and control.
- 4. Do not use ESCs that lose their throttle endpoint settings at each power off (e.g. Castle Thunderbird series).
- 5. Do not use ESCs that must be "armed" before you can set the throttle endpoints (Castle Thunderbirds, Hobby King SS ESCs, etc.). With this ESC type, you must power up all motors and go to full throttle to set the endpoints, making it impossible to use on multirotors.

Pre-Flight Check & Sensitivity (Exponential) Adjustments

STEP 1 - Radio Transmitter Settings

- **I.** Select the Model for Traditional Airplane, where there is **no mixing** of the throttle, elevator, aileron or rudder controls.
- **II.** For transmitters with helicopter settings only, choose mCCPM model setup where throttle, pitch, elevator, aileron and rudder are not mixed.
- **III.** For a start, we recommend you use your Transmitter EXPO to reduce control responsiveness by 50 percent for Aileron and Elevator.
- IV. If the throttle responsiveness is too high, use EXPO to reduce this too.
- **V** For rudder, we recommend no EXPO setting (keep at normal).

STEP 2 - Matching ESC End Points (Throttle Range)

- (a) The FY91Q controls your aircraft by sending controlling signals to your ESCs.
- (b) For the FY91Q to be able control your aircraft stability and flight, a throttle base point must be established. This base point is your ESC throttle minimum point.
- (c) Therefore, only use E\$Cs that you can manually set the throttle endpoints (minimum and maximum throttle range). All endpoints MUST be manually matched.
- (d) To manually match your ESC endpoints, refer to your ESC Manual.
- (e) As a general rule the setting of your ESC throttle range should be done individually. i.e. connect every single ESC directly to your RC Receiver channel 3 and set the minimum and maximum throttle range as noted in your ESC Manual.
- (f) After setting the minimum and maximum throttle range, install the ESCs to the FY91Q as noted in this manual.
- (g) On Powering up your aircraft, you should observe that **ALL your E\$C\$ must arm at the same time** as noted by the ESC simultaneous arming beep.
- (h) Proceed with flight tests as per this manual. Carry out a tie down test if you are not sure of your aircraft flight characteristics.

E\$C; Not Arming

- 1. Many types of ESCs have an arming protection set up where they expect to see an incoming signal as soon as they are powered up. If the ESC do not 'see' this input signal, it will automatically inhibit the arming process.
- 2. Upon powering up, the FY91Q takes about 1 to 2 seconds to initialize. During this time, signal is not immediately sent to the ESCs. Due to (1) above, the ESC will not arm even after the FY91Q begins sending signal to the ESC.
- 3. As a result, the ESC refuses to arm.
- 4. To confirm this, carry out the following:
 - (a) **Remove all your ESC red wire** (positive) connection to the FY91Q.
 - (b) Install an external BEC (at least 3A output).
 - (c) Turn ON your Radio Transmitter and set the minimum to -30%.
 - (d) Power up the FY91Q and your RC receiver via the external BEC, but NOT the ESCs.
 - (e) After the FY91Q initializes, power up your ESCs.
 - (f) Decrease your throttle to 100 until the ESC arms.
 - (g) This proves your ESC has the delayed activation protection.
- 5. An easy set up to solve this is to have a two plug power up system. i.e. power up your BEC first, before powering up your ESCs.

- END OF MANUAL -